Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Required Supplementary Information –	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Government-wide Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	16
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement	
of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to	
the Statement of Activities	19
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	20
Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in	
Fund Net Position	21
Statement of Cash Flows	22
Notes to Financial Statements	24
Other Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	51
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net	٠.
Pension/OPEB Liability – Cost-Sharing Plans	55
Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension/OPEB	
Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios – Agent Plans	56
Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions	58
Notes to Pension/OPEB plan schedules	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and other	
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing	
Standards	64

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Town Council Town of Eagar

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Eagar, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Eagar, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability - Cost-Sharing Pension Plans, Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios -Agent Plans, and Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions as listed on the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 22, 2022, on our consideration of the Town of Eagar's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Eagar, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Eagar's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Arizona Revised Statutes

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town failed comply with the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters, for Highway User Revenue Fund monies it received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and any other dedicated state transportation revenues it received. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures; other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Town's noncompliance with authorized transportation purposes referred to above, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Auditor General of the State of Arizona, the Board of Supervisors, management, and other responsible parties within the Town and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 22, 2022

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As management of the Town of Eagar (Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position in Governmental Activities increased by \$2.8 million to \$12,421,125.
- ❖ Net position in Business-type Activities increased by \$293,613 to \$4,356,613.
- ❖ General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures and transfers by \$1,672,089.
- ❖ TPT tax revenues were up \$238,974 from the prior year.
- ❖ Highway User Revenue Fund expenditures exceeded revenues and transfers by \$358,069.
- Approximately 44 percent of the Governmental Activities revenue received were from operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions.
- ❖ The Utility Fund reported an increase in net position of \$293,613 in fiscal year 2021 as compared to an increase in net position of \$229,162 for fiscal year 2020. This includes an expense of approximately \$430,000 for depreciation in each fiscal year.
- ❖ Net pension/OPEB liabilities increased by \$604,418.
- Significant asset purchases and projects completed during fiscal year 2021 are as follows:
 - South Butler Street Drainage \$376,180
 - West 1,2,3 Avenues Paving & Sidewalks \$686,564
 - North Alta Vista Curb & Paving \$108,593
 - Hall Well \$55,281
 - Nicoll Well Rehabilitation \$59.996
 - Water Canyon Land Purchase \$81,017

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The three components of the financial statements are: (1) government-wide financial statements which include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole. (2) Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. (3) Notes to the financial statements.

Reporting the Town as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Government-wide)

A frequently asked question regarding the Town's financial health is whether the year's activities contributed positively to the overall financial well-being. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a

way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. Net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are an indicator of whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, it is important to consider other nonfinancial factors such as changes in the Town's tax base or the condition of the Town's roads and other infrastructure to accurately assess the overall health of the Town.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, present information about the following:

- ❖ Government Activities All of the Town's basic services are considered to be Governmental Activities, including general government, public safety, public works and streets, culture and recreation, economic development, health and welfare and interest on long-term debt. Sales taxes, State revenue sharing, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services finance most of these activities.
- Proprietary Activities/Business-type Activities The Town charges a fee to customers to cover most of the cost of the services provided.

Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by statute and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds which aid in the management of money for particular purposes or meet legal responsibilities associated with the usage of certain taxes, grants, and other money. The Town's two major kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches as explained below.

❖ Governmental funds – Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how resources flow in and out with the balances remaining at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Government fund information shows whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between Governmental Activities (reported in

the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the basic financial statements and in footnote 1.

❖ Proprietary funds – When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Town's financial position. The Town's combined assets plus deferred outflows exceed liabilities and deferred inflows by \$16.8 million as of June 30, 2021 as shown in the following condensed Statement of Net Position. The Town has chosen to account for its water and sewer operations in the Business-type Activities.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Government	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		To	tal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$ 8,398,230	5,389,410	\$ (150,758)	\$ (634,810)	\$ 8,247,472	\$ 4,754,600
Capital assets	9,498,346	8,110,584	5,134,677	5,405,135	14,633,023	13,515,719
Total assets	17,896,576	13,499,994	4,983,919	4,770,325	22,880,495	18,270,319
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES	875,270	498,484	100,734	52,170	976,004	550,654
LIABILITIES						
Other liabilities	1,748,203	186,906	119,591	522,092	1,867,794	708,998
Long-term liabilities outstanding	4,427,756	3,874,670	557,765	145,619	4,985,521	4,020,289
Total liabilities	6,175,959	4,061,576	677,356	667,711	6,853,315	4,729,287
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES	174,762	340,200	50,684	91,784	225,446	431,984
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	9,498,346	8,110,584	5,134,677	5,356,294	14,633,023	13,466,878
Restricted	933,230	1,291,299	, - ,- · · · -	-	933,230	1,291,299
Unrestricted	1,989,549	194,819	(778,064)	(1,293,294)	1,211,485	(1,098,475)
Total net position	\$ 12,421,125	\$ 9,596,702	\$ 4,356,613	\$ 4,063,000	\$ 16,777,738	\$ 13,659,702

Governmental Activities

The cost of all Governmental Activities this year was \$3.3 million. As shown on the Schedule of Changes in Net Position on the following page, \$284,818 of this cost was paid for by those who directly benefited from the programs; \$2.7 million was subsidized by grants received from other governmental organizations for both capital and operating activities.

Overall governmental program revenues, including intergovernmental aid and fees for services were \$3 million. General taxes, State revenue sharing and investment earnings totaled \$3.2 million.

The Town's programs include: general government, public safety, public works and streets, and culture and recreation. Each program's revenues and expenses are presented below.

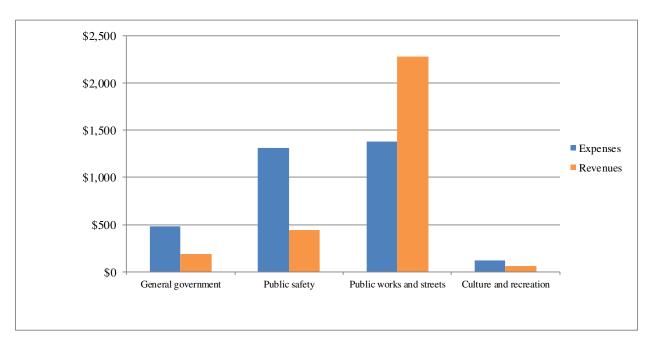
Schedule of Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities Business-t		pe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 284,818	\$ 197,732	\$ 1,649,716	\$ 1,441,762	\$ 1,934,534	\$ 1,639,494	
Operating grants and contributions	1,601,890	1,510,562	-	-	1,601,890	1,510,562	
Capital grants and contributions	1,077,095	281,311	-	51,115	1,077,095	332,426	
General revenues							
Taxes	2,438,825	2,046,910	-	-	2,438,825	2,046,910	
State revenue sharing	706,138	633,512	-	-	706,138	633,512	
Other revenues/(expense)	6,673	65,585	-	-	6,673	65,585	
Total revenues	6,115,439	4,735,612	1,649,716	1,492,877	7,765,155	6,228,489	
Expenses							
General government	479,352	471,923	-	-	479,352	471,923	
Public safety	1,309,487	1,379,811	-	-	1,309,487	1,379,811	
Public works and streets	1,380,003	1,583,691	-	-	1,380,003	1,583,691	
Culture and recreation	122,174	171,710	-	-	122,174	171,710	
Interest on long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water and sewer			1,356,103	1,263,715	1,356,103	1,263,715	
Total expenses	3,291,016	3,607,135	1,356,103	1,263,715	4,647,119	4,870,850	
Increase (decrease) in net position	2,824,423	1,128,477	293,613	229,162	3,118,036	1,357,639	
Net position, beginning of year	9,596,702	8,468,225	4,063,000	3,833,838	13,659,702	12,302,063	
Net position, end of year	\$12,421,125	\$ 9,596,702	\$ 4,356,613	\$ 4,063,000	\$16,777,738	\$13,659,702	

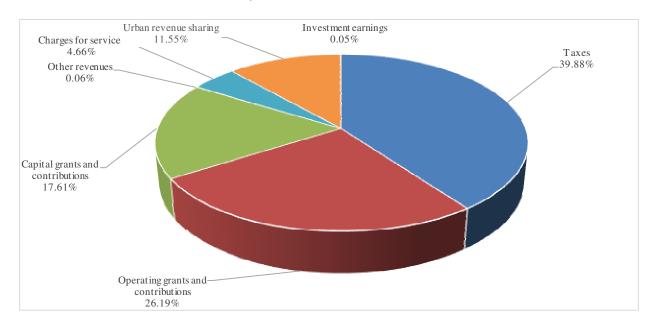
Revenues for Governmental Activities increased 1.4 million compared to the prior year. Expenses for Governmental Activities remained fairly consistent as compared to the prior year. Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$15.7 million consisting of net position at July 1, 2020 of \$9.6 million, program revenues of \$3.0 million and general revenues of \$3.1 million. Total Governmental Activities expenses during the year were \$3.3 million; thus, Governmental Activities net position increased by \$2.8 million.

The following graphs compare program expenses to program revenues and provide a breakdown of revenues by source for all Governmental Activities:

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities (in thousands)



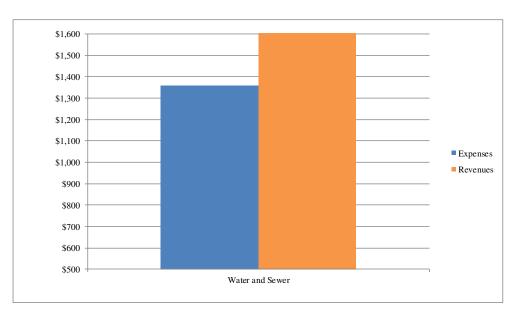
Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



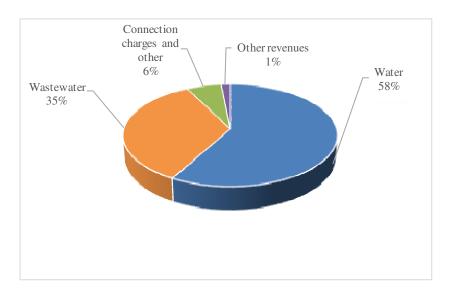
Business-type Activities

Net position of the Business-type Activities at June 30, 2021, as reflected in the Statement of Net Position was \$4.36 million. The cost of providing all Business-type Activities this year was \$1.36 million. As shown in the Schedule of Changes in Net Position, the amounts paid by users of the system were \$1.65 million. The total Net Position increased by \$293,613.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities (in thousands)



Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Eagar uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the Town of Eagar's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Eagar's financing requirements. In particular, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Eagar's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,390,425, an increase of \$1,518,953 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately, 85% of this total amount, or \$5,457,195, constitutes unassigned fund balance which is available for new spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is restricted HURF funds or impact fees restricted to pay for capital improvements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Eagar. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance in the General Fund was \$5,455,771, all of which is unassigned. As a measure of liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total fund balance and unassigned fund balance represents 262% of total General Fund expenditures. During the year, the Town of Eagar's General Fund balance increased by \$1,672,089.

Total expenditures were \$92,691 less than the prior year. This was mainly due to a \$54,633 onetime purchase of a police truck in the prior fiscal year.

The Highway User Revenue fund has a total fund balance of \$927,962, which is down from the prior year balance of \$1,286,031, all of which is restricted for road construction and maintenance. HURF revenues decreased from the prior year by \$120,608. This was mainly due to the HB 2748 capital outlay appropriations of \$197,802 from the State that each city and town received in August 2019. Expenditures increased \$428,996 from the prior year, due to an increase in road projects.

The Grants Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,424. This was due to grant revenue received and not spent by the year end and carried over to next fiscal year.

Proprietary funds: The Town of Eagar's Utility Fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Total net position of the Utility Fund was \$4,356,613 consisting of \$5,356,294 net investment in capital assets and \$(999,681) in unrestricted net position.

Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund's revenues of \$3,750,848 are more than budgeted revenues by \$228,898 which was mainly due to excess in TPT tax revenue of \$238,974. The General Fund departmental expenditures were \$842,029 less than their budgeted appropriation for fiscal year 2021. This variance was mainly due to the Police coming in under budget by \$137,239 and Contingency coming in under budget by \$500,000.

The Highway User's Fund revenues of \$1,191,052 are more than budgeted revenues by \$7,335.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The capital assets of the Town are those assets that are used in performance of Town functions including infrastructure assets. Capital assets include equipment, buildings, land, system improvements, park facilities and roads. At the end of fiscal year 2021, net capital assets of the Government Activities totaled \$9.5 million and the net capital assets of the Business-type Activities totaled \$5.1 million. Depreciation on capital assets for both Government Activities and Business-type Activities is recognized in the government-wide financial statements. (See note 4 to the financial statements.) Significant additions are mentioned in the financial highlights on page 5.

Long-term Liabilities

The net pension/OPEB liabilities increased by \$604,418 from the prior year. (See note 5 and 8 to the financial statements for detailed descriptions.) Compensated absences payable decreased by \$15,659 from the prior year.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

In considering the Town Budget for fiscal year 2021/2022, the Town Council and management were cautious as to the growth of revenues and expenditures. Overall governmental and proprietary fund operating expenditures were budgeted to maintain the current level of service.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact, Town of Eagar, Finance Department, 22 W. 2nd Street, Eagar, Arizona 85925.

FINANCIAL SECTION

TOWN OF EAGAR, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Primary Government					
	Governmental			siness-type		
	A	ctivities	A	ctivities		Total
ASSETS				_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,433,084	\$	-	\$	7,433,084
Accounts receivable - net		-		179,166		179,166
Due from other governments		320,964		-		320,964
Other receivables		39,257		-		39,257
Inventory		-		106,919		106,919
Cash and cash equivalents-restricted		-		62,477		62,477
Net other postemployment benefits asset		103,480		2,125		105,605
Interactivity balances		501,445		(501,445)		-
Capital assets, not being depreciated		2,849,496		60,703		2,910,199
Capital assets, being depreciated, net		6,648,850		5,073,974		11,722,824
Total assets		17,896,576		4,983,919		22,880,495
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions						
and other postemployment benefits		875,270		100,734		976,004
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		684,230		40,975		725,205
Accrued expenses		118,589		20,407		138,996
Deferred revenue		945,384		_		945,384
Refundable deposits		_		58,209		58,209
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within one year		60,612		12,737		73,349
Due in more than one year		4,367,144		545,028		4,912,172
Total liabilities		6,175,959		677,356		6,853,315
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions						
and other postemployment benefits		174,762		50,684		225,446
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		9,498,346		5,134,677		14,633,023
Restricted for:						
Public works and streets		927,962		-		927,962
Capital improvements		5,268		-		5,268
Unrestricted (deficit)		1,989,549		(778,064)		1,211,485
Total net position	\$	12,421,125	\$	4,356,613	\$	16,777,738

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Program Revenue			Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
			Charges	0	perating		Capital			Prima	ary Government	Ţ	
			for	G	rants and	(Grants and	Go	vernmental	В	usiness-type		
Functions / Programs	Expenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	C	ontributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Primary government													
Governmental activities													
General government	\$ 479,35	2 \$	184,214	\$	678	\$	-	\$	(294,460)	\$	-	\$	(294,460)
Public safety	1,309,48	7	14,069		408,140		17,346		(869,932)		-		(869,932)
Public works and streets	1,380,00	3	23,270		1,191,102		1,059,749		894,118		-		894,118
Culture and recreation	122,17	<u> </u>	63,265		1,970		-		(56,939)		-		(56,939)
Total governmental activities	3,291,01	<u> </u>	284,818		1,601,890		1,077,095		(327,213)		-		(327,213)
Business-type activities													
Water and sewer	1,356,10	3	1,649,716		-		-		-		293,613		293,613
Total business-type activities	1,356,10	3	1,649,716		-		-		-		293,613		293,613
Total primary government	\$ 4,647,11	\$	1,934,534	\$	1,601,890	\$	1,077,095		(327,213)		293,613		(33,600)
	General revenues:												
	Taxes:												
	Local TPT								1,420,477		-		1,420,477
	Share of state s	ales tax	es						586,167		-		586,167
	Share of state a	uto lieu	taxes						432,181		-		432,181
	State urban rev	enue sh	aring						706,138		-		706,138
	Investment ear	nings							3,152		-		3,152
	Miscellaneous								3,521		-		3,521
	Total genera	revenu	ies						3,151,636		-		3,151,636
	Change in no	•							2,824,423		293,613		3,118,036
	Net position, beginning	of year	•						9,596,702		4,063,000		13,659,702
	Net position, end of year	ır						\$	12,421,125	\$	4,356,613	\$	16,777,738

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	General Fund	HURF Fund	Grants Fund	Non-major Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,803,722	\$ 1,620,341	\$ 3,753	\$ 5,268	\$ 7,433,084
Due from other governments	215,116	104,413	1,435	-	320,964
Other receivables	39,257	-	-	-	39,257
Due from other funds	501,445				501,445
Total assets	6,559,540	1,724,754	5,188	5,268	8,294,750
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	23,427	659,053	1,750	-	684,230
Accrued expenses	100,850	17,739	-	-	118,589
Unearned revenue	825,098	120,000	286		945,384
Total liabilities	949,375	796,792	2,036		1,748,203
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue	154,394	_	1,728		156,122
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
Public works and streets	-	927,962	-	-	927,962
Capital improvements	-	-	=	5,268	5,268
Unassigned	5,455,771		1,424		5,457,195
Total fund balances	5,455,771	927,962	1,424	5,268	6,390,425
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 6,559,540	\$ 1,724,754	\$ 5,188	\$ 5,268	\$ 8,294,750

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 6,390,425
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	9,498,346
Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	156,122
Net pension assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for Town operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	103,480
Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences and net pension/OPEB liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(4,427,756)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	700,508
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 12,421,125

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	HURF Fund	Grants Fund	Non-major Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				_	
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,107,068	\$ 1,188,919	\$ 467,934	\$ -	\$ 3,763,921
Taxes	1,420,477	-	-	-	1,420,477
Charges for services	128,277	-	-	-	128,277
Licenses and permits	51,856	-	-	-	51,856
Other revenue	29,168	2,133	-	-	31,301
Fines and forfeitures	10,850	-	-	-	10,850
Investment income	3,152				3,152
Total revenues	3,750,848	1,191,052	467,934		5,409,834
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	416,281	-	-	-	416,281
Public safety	1,132,053	-	1,728	-	1,133,781
Public works and streets	391,495	495,463	-	-	886,958
Culture and recreation	56,247	-	-	-	56,247
Capital outlay	87,683	743,615	571,316	-	1,402,614
Total expenditures	2,083,759	1,239,078	573,044	-	3,895,881
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over					
expenditures	1,667,089	(48,026)	(105,110)		1,513,953
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of capital assets	5,000	-	-	-	5,000
Transfers	- -	(310,043)	310,043	_	· -
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,000	(310,043)	310,043	_	5,000
Net change in fund balances	1,672,089	(358,069)	204,933	-	1,518,953
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,783,682	1,286,031	(203,509)	5,268	4,871,472
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 5,455,771	\$ 927,962	\$ 1,424	\$ 5,268	\$ 6,390,425

The accompanying notes are integral to these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ 1,518,953
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation Capital outlay Depreciation expense	1,402,614 (773,478)	629,136
Revenue in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds. ADOT - Schoolbus Overlay Unavailable grant revenue	824,788 (124,183)	700,605
In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets sold.		(26,162)
Town pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the Town's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. Town pension/OPEB contributions Pension/OPEB expense	278,865 (291,593)	(12,728)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available.		
Decrease in compensated absences payable		14,619
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,824,423

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Utility Fund	
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Accounts receivable - net	\$	179,166
Inventory		106,919
Total current assets		286,085
Noncurrent assets		
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		62,477
Net other postemployment benefits asset		2,125
Land and water rights		60,539
Construction in progress		164
Water wells and distribution system		2,141,031
Wastewater treatment plant and dist sys		2,916,662
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles		16,281
Total noncurrent assets		5,199,279
Total assets		5,485,364
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		
and other postemployment benefits		100,734
		100,721
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable		40,975
Accrued expenses		20,407
Refundable deposits		58,209
Compensated absences		12,737
Total current liabilities		132,328
Noncurrent liabilities		
Due to other funds		501,445
Compensated absences, net of current portion		4,246
Net pension and other postemployment		
benefits liability		540,782
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,046,473
Total liabilities		1,178,801
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		
and other postemployment benefits		50,684
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		5,134,677
Unrestricted (deficit)		(778,064)
Total net position	\$	4,356,613

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

Operating revenues	Utility Fund	
Charges for services		
Water	\$	957,869
Sewer		569,626
Connection fees		97,650
Other revenues		24,571
Total operating revenue	1,649,716	
Operating expenses		
Service supplies, and other		521,577
Depreciation		432,115
Salaries and wages		323,581
Employee benefits		78,830
Total operating expenses		1,356,103
Operating income (loss)		293,613
Total net position, beginning of year		4,063,000
Total net position, end of year	\$	4,356,613

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Utility	
	Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers	\$	1,653,740
Payments to suppliers and providers of goods and		
services		(523,168)
Payments to employees		(399,517)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		731,055
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Interfund loans		(514,057)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Purchase of capital assets		(210,498)
Net increase (decrease) in cash		6,500
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		55,977
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	62,477
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		62,477
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	62,477

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Utility
	Fund
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	_
provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 293,613
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	432,115
Changes in assets, deferred outflows	
of resources, liabilities, and deferred	
inflows of resources:	
Accounts receivable	(3,616)
Inventory	41,340
Net other postemployment benefits asset	(1,219)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	
and other postemployment benefits	(48,564)
Accounts payable	11,239
Accrued expenses	3,934
Refundable deposits	7,640
Compensated absences payable	(1,040)
Net pension and other postemployment	
benefits liability	36,713
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	
and other postemployment benefits	(41,100)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 731,055

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Eagar's accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a general-purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected Town Council. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Town (the primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Town's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the Town. The Town has no discretely presented component units; however, it does have a blended component unit. The blended component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end.

The Eagar Municipal Property Corporation (EMPC) is an Arizona nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Arizona. The principal objective of the Corporation is to assist the Town in acquiring, constructing, financing, operating, improving or modifying public facilities for the benefit of all residents. The EMPC has a June 30 year end.

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund statements. The government-wide statements focus on the Town as a whole, while the fund statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements—provide information about the primary government (the Town). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. They also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided,
- Operating grants and contributions, and
- Capital grants and contributions.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund statements—provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements are presented for the governmental and proprietary fund categories. The emphasis of fund statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity. Accordingly, revenues, such as user charges, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values are operating revenues. Other revenues, such as subsidies, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues along with investment earnings and revenues ancillary activities generate. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *HURF Fund* accounts for specific revenue received from the State of Arizona Highway User Revenue Fund that is legally restricted to expenditures for specified street purposes.

The *Grants Fund* accounts for specific revenue received that is legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Utility Fund* accounts for water and sewer operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, in which the intent of the Town Council is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or for which the Town Council has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The Town applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The Town's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are special assessments, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State Treasurer's local government investment pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

E. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable in the proprietary funds are estimated by the Town. The amount recorded as uncollectible at June 30, 2021 in the Utility Fund was \$-.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost (or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available). Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation	Estimated
			Method	Useful Life
Land	\$	5,000	N/A	N/A
Construction in progress		5,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings and improvements		5,000	Straight-line	10 - 50
Treatment facilities and improvements		5,000	Straight-line	20 - 40
Vehicles and equipment		5,000	Straight-line	3 - 20
Streets and sidewalks		5,000	Straight-line	20 - 40

G. Investment Earnings

Investment earnings is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

H. Inventories

In the Utility Fund, inventories are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when consumed. These inventories are state at cost using the first—in, first—out method.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 280 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year-end are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Employees may accumulate 720 hours of sick leave. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements.

J. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

K. Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Fund Balance Reporting

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the Town Council has approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the Town. Only the Town Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Council has authorized the Town Manager to assign resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the Town's policy to use (the Town will use) restricted fund balance first. It is the Town's policy to use (the Town will use) committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

M. Budgets

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. The Town is subject to the State of Arizona's Spending Limitation Law for Towns and Cities. This law does not permit the Town to spend more than budgeted revenues plus the carry-over fund balances/net position from the prior fiscal year. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. The Town complied with this law during the year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. The individual Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual reports as listed in the table of contents present all departments which incurred an excess of expenditures/expenses over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2021, if any.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the Town to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the Town Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

Deposits – At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Town's total cash in bank was \$4,256,124, and the bank balance was \$4,303,746. Of the bank balance, \$275,476 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remainder was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution in the Town's name.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Restricted cash – Restricted cash consists of the following at June 30, 2021:

	Util:	Utility Fund		
Revolving loan funds	\$	\$ 4,268		
Customer deposits		58,209		
	\$	62,477		

Investments – The Town reported investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool 5 with a reported amount of \$3,239,362. The Standard and Poor's credit quality rating of the pool is AAA.

The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares and the participant's shares are not identified with specific investments.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statements of net position follows:

	Governmental activities		Business-type activities		Total	
Cash and cash equivalents:						_
Cash on hand	\$	75	\$	-	\$	75
Amount of deposits		4,193,647		62,477		4,256,124
State Treasurers investment pool 5		3,239,362		-		3,239,362
Total	\$	7,433,084	\$	62,477	\$	7,495,561

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	General Fund		HURF Fund		Grants Fund	
State of Arizona			'			
State and city sales tax revenues	\$	76,482	\$	-	\$	-
Auto lieu tax revenues		17,194		-		-
Highway user revenues		-		104,413		-
Other items		121,440		-		1,435
	\$	215,116	\$	104,413	\$	1,435

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance	_	_	Balance	
	July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2021	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,096,007	\$ 40,209	\$ 66,162	\$ 2,070,054	
Construction in progress	692,401	779,442	692,401	779,442	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,788,408	819,651	758,563	2,849,496	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements	1,211,198	204,164	-	1,415,362	
Buildings and improvements	3,702,448	19,120	-	3,721,568	
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	2,520,885	1,830,439	-	4,351,324	
Infrastructure-roads	11,776,576	46,429	-	11,823,005	
Total	19,211,107	2,100,152	-	21,311,259	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements	(687,584)	(63,840)	-	(751,424)	
Buildings and improvements	(1,757,594)	(71,648)	-	(1,829,242)	
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	(2,214,989)	(93,903)	-	(2,308,892)	
Infrastructure-roads	(9,228,764)	(544,087)	-	(9,772,851)	
Total	(13,888,931)	(773,478)	_	(14,662,409)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,322,176	2,873,630		6,648,850	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,110,584	\$ 3,693,281	\$ 758,563	\$ 9,498,346	

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and water rights	\$ 19,730	\$ 40,809	\$ -	\$ 60,539
Construction in progress	167,009		166,845	164
Total capital assets not being depreciated	186,739	40,809	166,845	60,703
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Wastewater treatment plant and				
system improvements	7,891,696	-	-	7,891,696
Wells and water system improvements	8,940,390	271,949	-	9,212,339
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	325,382	15,744		341,126
Total	17,157,468	287,693		17,445,161
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Wastewater treatment plant and				
system improvements	(5,525,684)	(224,981)	-	(5,750,665)
Wells and water system improvements	(6,091,412)	(204,265)	-	(6,295,677)
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	(321,976)	(2,869)	-	(324,845)
Total	(11,939,072)	(432,115)		(12,371,187)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,218,396	719,808		5,073,974
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,405,135	\$ 760,617	\$ 166,845	\$ 5,134,677

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	63,790
Public safety		76,633
Public works and streets		561,978
Culture and recreation		71,077
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$	773,478
Total go volumental activities deproviment on points		,
1 cm. go (ommenm non mor coprocimion empenso		,
Business-type activities:	<u></u>	,
	\$	204,265
Business-type activities:	\$,
Business-type activities: Water	\$	204,265

NOTE 5 – LONG -TERM LIABILITIES

The following schedule details the Town's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2021.

	J	Balance uly 1, 2020	A	Additions	Re	ductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2021	 ie within ne year
Governmental activities: Net pension and other									-
postemployment benefits liability Compensated absences	\$	3,779,235 95,435	\$	567,705	\$	- 14,619	\$	4,346,940 80,816	\$ 60,612
	\$	3,874,670	\$	567,705	\$	14,619	\$	4,427,756	\$ 60,612
Business-type activities: Net pension and other									
postemployment benefits liability Compensated absences	\$	504,069 18,023	\$	36,713	\$	- 1,040	\$	540,782 16,983	\$ - 12,737
·	\$	522,092	\$	36,713	\$	1,040	\$	557,765	\$ 12,737

NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 7 – CONTINGENCIES

The Town's groundwater rights have been subject to pending litigation for many years. It is virtually impossible at this time to make an evaluation as to the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome or what the potential loss of such an unfavorable outcome would be. No monetary damages are being claimed by any party at this time.

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Net OPEB assets	\$	103,480	\$ 2,125	\$	105,605
Net pension and OPEB liabilities		4,346,940	540,782		4,887,722
Deferred outflows of resources					
related to pension and OPEB		875,270	100,734		976,004
Deferred inflows of resources					
related to pension and OPEB		174,762	50,684		225,446
Pension and OPEB expense		291,593	(11,937)		279,656

The Town reported \$278,865 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – Town employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:					
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011				
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55				
required to receive benefit	10 years age 62	25 years age 60				
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62				
	Any years age 65	5 years age 50*				
		Any years age 65				
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 120 months	Highest 60 months of last 120 months				
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%				

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible.

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2021, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.22 percent (12.04 percent for retirement and 0.18 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the Town to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.22 percent (11.65 percent for retirement, 0.39 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.18 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.21 percent (10.14 percent for retirement and 0.07 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The Town's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2021, were \$124,694, \$4,145, and \$1,937, respectively.

During fiscal year 2021, the Town paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 69.53 percent from the governmental funds and 30.47 percent from the Utility Fund.

Liability - At June 30, 2021, the Town reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

	Net Po	ension/OPEB
	(Ass	et) Liability
Pension	\$	1,767,305
Health insurance premium benefit		(6,974)
Long-term disability		7,495

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020 The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The Town's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the Town's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Town's proportions were measured as of June 30, 2020, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2019, were:

	Proportion	Increase (decrease)
	June 30, 2020	from June 30, 2019
Pension	0.01020%	-0.00112%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.00985%	-0.00091%
Long-term disability	0.00988%	-0.00105%

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pension/OPEB
	Expense
Pension	(43,516)
Health insurance premium benefit	2,197
Long-term disability	2,143

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Pension			Н	ealth Insura	nce P	remium	Long-Term Disability				
	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	Iı	Deferred nflows of esources	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	In	eferred flows of esources	Out	ferred flows of sources	Inf	ferred lows of cources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	15,988	\$	-	\$	_	\$	13,741	\$	652	\$	193
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		-		-		3,866		-		808		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		170,459		-		7,135		-		825		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_		150,971		90		71		<u>-</u>		1,366
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		124,694		-		4,145		-		1,937		-
Total	\$	311,141	\$	150,971	\$	15,236	\$	13,812	\$	4,222	\$	1,559

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Year ended June 30,		Pension	n Insurance um Benefit	Long-Term Disability	
2022	\$	(78,450)	\$ (1,491)	116	
2023		(453)	22	250	
2024		61,657	363	274	
2025		52,722	(360)	223	
2026		-	(1,255)	10	
Thereafter		-	-	(147)	

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

ASRS	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.5%
Projected salary increases	2.7 - 7.2% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance
	premium benefit
Recovery rates	2012 GLDT for long-term disability
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.5 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Rate of Return
Equity	50%	6.39%
Fixed income - credit	20%	5.44%
Fixed income - interest rate sensitive	10%	0.22%
Real Estate	20%	5.85%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	16	% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase
		(6.5%)		(7.5%)		(8.5%)
Town's Proportionate share of the						
Net pension liability	\$	2,416,766	\$	1,767,305	\$	1,224,389
Net insurance premium benefit						
liability (asset)		9,150		(6,974)		(20,696)
Net long-term disability liability		8,183		7,495		6,827

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions – Town police employees participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) or employees who become members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool) which are not further disclosed because of their relative insignificance to the Town's financial statements.

The PSPRS issues publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:				
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017			
Retirement and Disability					
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5			
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years			
Benefit percentage					
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited services over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%			
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retiremen	nt, whichever is greater			
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then re retirement, which				
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated with ac years of credited service, whichever credited service (not to exce	r is greater, multiplied by years of			
Survivor Benefit					
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired m	nember's pension benefit			
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was result of injuries received on the job				

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS Police				
	Pension	Health			
Inactive employees or beneficiaries					
currently receiving benefits	7	7			
Inactive employees entitled to but not					
yet receiving benefits	1	-			
Active employees	6	6			
Total	14	13			

Contributions – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2021, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	Active Member-		Town-Health Insurance Premium
	Pension	Town-Pension	Benefit
PSPRS Police	7.65% - 11.65%	68.89%	0.00%

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The Town's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2021, were:

			Health	Insurance
	P	ension	Premiu	um Benefit
PSPRS Police	\$	223,774	\$	-

During fiscal year 2021, the Town paid for 100 percent of PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions from the General Fund.

Liability – At June 30, 2021, the Town reported the following assets and liabilities:

	Net Pens	sion (Asset)	Net OPEB (Asset)	
	Lia	bility	I	Liability
PSPRS Police	\$	3,112,922	\$	(98,631)

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

DO		\mathbf{a}
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Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal

Investment rate of return 7.30%

Wage inflation

3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation

2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment

1.75% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB

Mortality rates PubS-2010 tables Healthcare cost trend rate Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.3 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-term Expected

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. public equity	23%	4.93%
International public equity	15%	6.09%
Global private equity	18%	8.42%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	5.61%
Core bonds	2%	0.22%
Private credit	22%	5.31%
Diversifying strategies	12%	3.22%
Cash - Mellon	1%	-0.60%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2020, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.3 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pension

		Incr	rease (Decrease)		
	al Pension Liability	Plai	n Fiduciary Net Position	Net P	ension Liability (Asset)
	(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 4,719,459	\$	2,090,467	\$	2,628,992
Adjustment to Beginning of Year	-		(41,279)		41,279
Changes for the year					
Service Cost	63,696		-		63,696
Interest on the total liability	339,777		-		339,777
Differences between expected and					
actual experience in the					
measurement of the liability	306,610		-		306,610
Contributions-employer	-		214,110		(214,110)
Contributions-employee	-		28,871		(28,871)
Net investment income	-		26,623		(26,623)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(257,363)		(257,363)		-
Administrative expense	-		(2,172)		2,172
Net changes	452,720		10,069		442,651
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ 5,172,179	\$	2,059,257	\$	3,112,922

Health Insurance Premium Benefit

Increase (Decrease) Total OPEB Net OPEB (Asset) **Plan Fiduciary Net** Liability **Position** Liability (a) - (b) (a) **(b)** Balances at June 30, 2020 \$ 56,105 144,764 \$ (88,659)Changes for the year 2,214 Service Cost 2,214 4,284 Interest on the total liability 4,284 Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the liability (14,781)(14,781)1,839 Net investment income (1,839)Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (858)(858)Administrative expense (150)150 Net changes (9,141)831 (9.972)Balances at June 30, 2021 46,964 145,595 (98,631)

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Sensitivity of the Town's Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.3 percent, as well as what the Town's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.3 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.3 percent) than the current rate:

	1% De	ecrease (6.3%)	 rent Discount ate (7.3%)	1% I	ncrease (8.3%)
PSPRS Police Net pension (asset) liability	\$	3,800,880	\$ 3,112,922	\$	2,549,930

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

	Pension Expense			OPEB Expense		
PSPRS Police	\$	327,209	\$	(8,377)		

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Pension					Health Insurance Premium					
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected											
and actual experience	\$	229,959	\$	38,274	\$	55	\$	20,830			
Changes of assumptions or											
other inputs		73,469		-		399		-			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		109,961		_		7,788		_			
Town contributions subsequent											
to the measurement date		223,774		-		-		-			
Total	\$	637,163	\$	38,274	\$	8,242	\$	20,830			

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	PSPRS Police							
	Pension	Health						
Year ended June 30,								
2022	\$ 106,275	\$	(4,397)					
2023	135,413		(3,429)					
2024	108,954		(3,544)					
2025	24,473		(1,218)					
2026	-		-					
Thereafter	_		-					

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund receivables and payables—Interfund balances at June 30, 2021 consisted of \$501,445 owed by the Utility Fund to the General Fund This interfund receivable and payable was necessary in order to fund the ongoing activities of the Utility Fund in current and prior periods.

Interfund transfers—Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of \$310,043 transferred to the Grants Fund from the HURF Fund. The transfer from the HURF Fund was to reimburse the Grants Fund for two street drainage projects where the costs incurred exceeded grant reimbursements.

NOTE 10 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Town currently rents the house owned by the Town which is located next to Ramsey Park to a Town employee for \$500 per month. The Town currently leases the Town's cinder pit to a councilmember's son-in-law. The terms of these transactions are all considered to be arms-length transactions at market value.

In December 2020, the Town purchased land from Arizona Premium Properties LLC for \$78,500. Arizona Premium Properties LLC is owned by a councilmember of the Town.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,634,575	\$ 1,634,575	\$ 2,107,068	\$ 472,493
Taxes	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,420,477	420,477
Other revenue	693,300	693,300	29,168	(664,132)
Charges for services	77,525	77,525	128,277	50,752
Licenses and permits	104,050	104,050	51,856	(52,194)
Investment income	-	-	3,152	3,152
Fines and forfeitures	12,500	12,500	10,850	(1,650)
Total revenues	3,521,950	3,521,950	3,750,848	228,898
Expenditures				
Mayor and council	28,178	28,178	21,717	6,461
General government	274,700	274,700	167,345	107,355
Magistrate	53,675	53,675	37,712	15,963
Town manager	63,840	63,840	57,659	6,181
Town clerk	45,935	45,935	37,628	8,307
Community development	109,500	109,500	106,403	3,097
Finance	113,340	113,340	94,220	19,120
Police	968,940	968,940	831,701	137,239
Fire	283,285	283,285	249,764	33,521
Animal control	71,285	71,285	65,685	5,600
Parks and recreation	59,975	59,975	56,247	3,728
Facilities	254,410	254,410	270,649	(16,239)
Fleet maintenance	98,725	98,725	87,029	11,696
Contingency	500,000	500,000	- -	500,000
Total expenditures	2,925,788	2,925,788	2,083,759	842,029
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over (under) expenditures	596,162	596,162	1,667,089	1,070,927
over (under) expenditures	370,102	370,102	1,007,009	1,070,727
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of capital assets			5,000	5,000
Net change in fund balance	596,162	596,162	1,672,089	1,075,927
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,783,682	3,783,682	3,783,682	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,379,844	\$ 4,379,844	\$ 5,455,771	\$ 1,075,927

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule HURF Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,180,717	\$ 1,180,717	\$ 1,188,919	\$ 8,202		
Other revenue	3,000	3,000	2,133	(867)		
Total revenues	1,183,717	1,183,717	1,191,052	7,335		
Expenditures						
Public works	1,357,970	1,357,970	1,239,078	118,892		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	(174,253)	(174,253)	(48,026)	126,227		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers			(310,043)	(310,043)		
Net change in fund balance	(174,253)	(174,253)	(358,069)	(183,816)		
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,286,031	1,286,031	1,286,031			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,111,778	\$ 1,111,778	\$ 927,962	\$ (183,816)		

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Grants Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 467,934	\$ (1,032,066)		
Expenditures Grants	1,500,000	1,500,000	573,044	926,956		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	-	-	(105,110)	(105,110)		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers			310,043	310,043		
Net change in fund balance	-	-	204,933	204,933		
Fund balances, beginning of year	(203,509)	(203,509)	(203,509)			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (203,509)	\$ (203,509)	\$ 1,424	\$ 204,933		

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

A.R.S. requires the Town to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Town Council must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Town Councils' approval.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Town's budget for its General Fund and special revenue funds are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 3 – EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2021, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) in the Facilities department.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans

June 30, 2021

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)								
2021 (2020) 0.010200% \$ 1,767,305 \$ 1,046,620 168.86%	2020 (2019) 0.011320% \$ 1,647,192 \$ 1,105,083 149.06%	2019 (2018) 0.012180% \$ 1,698,681 \$ 1,399,935 121.34%	2018 (2017) 0.014130% \$ 2,201,179 \$ 1,578,724 139.43%	2017 (2016) 0.014480% \$ 2,337,217 \$ 1,473,609 158.60%	2016 (2015) 0.014000% \$ 2,180,743 \$ 1,252,273 174.14%	2015 (2014) 0.013973% \$ 2,067,499 \$ 1,051,889 196.55%	2014 through 2012 Information not available	
69.33%	73.24%	73.40%	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%		
Reporting Fiscal Year								
2021 (2020) 0.009850% \$ (6,974) \$ 1,046,620 -0.67% 104.33%	2020 (2019) 0.010760% \$ (2,974) \$ 1,105,083 -0.27% 101.62%	2019 (2018) 0.011860% \$ (4,271) \$ 1,399,935 -0.31% 102.20%	2018 (2017) 0.013940% \$ (7,589) \$ 1,578,724 -0.48% 103.57%	2017 through 2012 Information not available				
2021 (2020) 0.009880% \$ 7,495 \$ 1,046,620 0.72%	2020 (2019) 0.010930% \$ 7,120 \$ 1,105,083 0.64%	2019 (2018) 0.012200% \$ 6,375 \$ 1,399,935 0.46%	2018 (2017) 0.014010% \$ 5,078 \$ 1,578,724 0.32%	2017 through 2012 Information not available				
	(2020) 0.010200% \$ 1,767,305 \$ 1,046,620 168.86% 69.33% 2021 (2020) 0.009850% \$ (6,974) \$ 1,046,620 -0.67% 104.33% 2021 (2020) 0.009880% \$ 7,495 \$ 1,046,620	(2020) (2019) 0.010200% 0.011320% \$ 1,767,305 \$ 1,647,192 \$ 1,046,620 \$ 1,105,083 168.86% 149.06% Re (N 2021 2020 (2020) (2019) 0.009850% 0.010760% \$ (6,974) \$ (2,974) \$ 1,046,620 \$ 1,105,083 -0.67% -0.27% Re (N 2021 2020 (2020) (2019) 0.009880% 0.010930% \$ 7,495 \$ 7,120 \$ 1,046,620 \$ 1,105,083 0.72% 0.64%	(2020) (2019) (2018) 0.010200% 0.011320% 0.012180% \$ 1,767,305 \$ 1,647,192 \$ 1,698,681 \$ 1,046,620 \$ 1,105,083 \$ 1,399,935 168.86% 149.06% 121.34% Reporting Fiscal Y (Measurement Da 2021 2020 2019 (2020) (2019) (2018) 0.009850% 0.010760% 0.011860% \$ (6,974) \$ (2,974) \$ (4,271) \$ 1,046,620 \$ 1,105,083 \$ 1,399,935 -0.67% -0.27% -0.31% Reporting Fiscal Y (Measurement Da 2021 2020 2019 (2020) (2019) (2018) 0.009880% 0.010930% 0.012200% \$ 7,495 \$ 7,120 \$ 6,375 \$ 1,046,620 \$ 1,105,083 \$ 1,399,935 0.72% 0.64% 0.46%	Color Colo	2021 2020 2019 2018 2017	Color	Color	

See accompanying notes to pension/OPEB plan schedules.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Agent Plans

June 30, 2021

Reporti	ng Fisca	l Year
(Magazi		Data

PSPRS (Measurement Date)								
	2021 2020 (2020) (2019)		2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 through 2012
Total pension liability								Information
Service cost	\$ 63,696	\$ 69,115	\$ 65,189	\$ 81,180	\$ 45,508	\$ 62,438	\$ 68,662	not available
Interest on the total pension liability	339,777	326,226	328,051	306,146	302,959	297,715	234,849	
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	68,238	107,741	-	72,351	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the								
measurement of the pension liability	306,610	(12,473)	(213,277)	(856)	(78,661)	12,946	205,569	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-	113,783	-	150,915	156,297	-	403,013	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee								
contributions	(257,363)	(233,084)	(249,189)	(243,715)	(414,461)	(181,203)	(179,775)	
Net change in total pension liability	452,720	263,567	(69,226)	361,908	119,383	191,896	804,669	
Total pension liability - beginning	4,719,459	4,455,892	4,525,118	4,163,210	4,043,827	3,851,931	3,047,262	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 5,172,179	\$ 4,719,459	\$ 4,455,892	\$ 4,525,118	\$ 4,163,210	\$ 4,043,827	\$ 3,851,931	
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$ 214,110	\$ 220,889	\$ 340,236	\$ 174,844	\$ 153,528	\$ 102,389	\$ 102,307	
Contributions - employee	28,871	29,476	27,597	40,489	40,357	39,866	31,614	
Net investment income	26,623	107,095	128,040	188,332	10,064	68,886	228,166	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	-,-	,	-,-	,	.,			
contributions	(257,363)	(233,084)	(249,189)	(243,715)	(414,461)	(181,203)	(179,775)	
Hall/Parker Settlement	-	-	(47,575)	-	-	-	-	
Administrative expense	(2,172)	(2,862)	(2,649)	_	_	_	_	
Other changes	-	-	22	(2,043)	(95,648)	(3,614)	(38,742)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	10,069	121,514	196,482	157,907	(306,160)	26,324	143,570	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,090,467	1,968,953	1,772,471	1,614,564	1,920,724	1,894,400	1,750,830	
Adjustment to Beginning of Year	(41,279)	-	· -	-	-	-	-	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,059,257	\$ 2,090,467	\$ 1,968,953	\$ 1,772,471	\$ 1,614,564	\$ 1,920,724	\$ 1,894,400	
Town's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 3,112,922	\$ 2,628,992	\$ 2,486,939	\$ 2,752,647	\$ 2,548,646	\$ 2,123,103	\$ 1,957,531	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	39.81%	44.29%	44.19%	39.17%	38.78%	47.50%	49.18%	
Covered payroll	\$ 351,132	\$ 335,620	\$ 333,106	\$ 351,886	\$ 260,197	\$ 360,781	\$ 360,723	
Town's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll	886.54%	783.32%	746.59%	782.26%	979.51%	588.47%	542.67%	
covered payron	000.5470	. 103.3270			9/9.51%	300.4770	342.0770	

See accompanying notes to pension/OPEB plan schedules.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Agent Plans June 30, 2021

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

	(Measurement Date)										
PSPRS		2021 (2020)			2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017 through 2012		
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the OPEB liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	2,214 4,284 - (14,781)	\$	1,399 4,884 - (15,008) 663	\$	1,299 4,452 - 187	\$	1,654 4,359 78 (395) (2,642)	Information not available		
Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	(858) (9,141) 56,105 46,964	\$	(858) (8,920) 65,025 56,105	\$	(841) 5,097 59,928 65,025	\$	(825) 2,229 57,699 59,928			
Plan fiduciary net position Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Other changes	\$	1,839 (858) (150)	\$	7,481 (858) (129)	\$	9,073 (841) (138) (1)	\$	13,779 (825) (122)			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	831 144,764 145,595	\$	6,494 138,270 144,764	\$	8,093 130,177 138,270	\$	12,832 117,345 130,177			
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(98,631)	\$	(88,659)	\$	(73,245)	\$	(70,249)			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		310.01%		258.02%		212.64%		217.22%			
Covered payroll	\$	351,132	\$	335,620	\$	333,106	\$	351,886			
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-28.09%		-26.42%		-21.99%		-19.96%			

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2021

ASRS-Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year								
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 through 2012
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 124,694	\$ 119,838	\$ 133,513	\$ 132,013	\$ 148,561	\$ 147,137	\$ 140,427	\$ 134,772	Information
Town's contributions in relation to the statutorily required									not available
contribution Tayre's contribution definiency (average)	(124,694)	(119,838)	(133,513)	(132,013)	(148,561)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Town's contribution deficiency (excess) Town's covered payroll	\$ 1.073,599	\$ 1,046,620	\$ 1,105,083	\$ 1,399,935	\$ 1,578,724	\$ 1,473,609	\$ 1,252,273	\$ 1,259,551	
Town's covered payroll Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.61%	11.45%	12.08%	9.43%	9.41%	9.98%	11.21%	10.70%	
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payron	11.01 //	11.43 /6	12.00 /	7.43 /0	7.41 //	7.70%	11.21/0	10.7076	
ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit			Reporting	Fiscal Year					
			•			2016			
	2021	2020	2010	2010	2017	through			
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2012			
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 4,145	\$ 5,128	\$ 5,095	\$ 5,090	\$ 7,502	Information			
Town's contributions in relation to the statutorily required						not available			
contribution	(4,145)	(5,128)	(5,095)	(5,090)	(7,502)				
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Town's covered payroll	\$ 1,073,599	\$ 1,046,620	\$ 1,105,083	\$ 1,399,935	\$ 1,578,724				
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.38%	0.50%	0.46%	0.36%	0.48%				
ASRS-Long-Term Disability			Reporting	Fiscal Year		2016			
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 through 2012			
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,937	\$ 1,779	\$ 1,817	\$ 1,936	\$ 1,906	Information			
Town's contributions in relation to the statutorily required	Ψ 1,237	Ψ 1,777	ψ 1,01 <i>1</i>	ų 1,230	ų 1,500	not available			
contribution	(1,937)	(1,779)	(1,817)	(1,936)	(1,906)				
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Town's covered payroll	\$ 1,073,599	\$ 1,046,620	\$ 1,105,083	\$ 1,399,935	\$ 1,578,724				
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.17%	0.17%	0.16%	0.14%	0.12%				

See accompanying notes to pension/OPEB plan schedules.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2021

			Rej	porting Fiscal Ye	ar			
2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 through 2012
\$ 223,774 (223,774)	\$ 214,110 (214,110)	\$ 220,889 (220,889)	\$ 340,236 (340,236)	\$ 174,844 (174,844)	\$ 153,528 (153,528)	\$ 102,389 (102,389)	\$ 102,307 (102,307)	Information not available
\$ - \$ 324,829 68.89%	\$ - \$ 351,132 60.98%	\$ - \$ 335,620 65.82%	\$ - \$ 333,106 102.14%	\$ - \$ 351,886 49.69%	\$ - \$ 260,197 59.00%	\$ - \$ 360,781 28.38%	\$ - \$ 360,723 28.36%	
		Reporting	; Fiscal Year					
2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 through 2012			
\$ - 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 	Information not available			
\$ - \$ 324,829 0.00%	\$ - \$ 351,132 0.00%	\$ - \$ 335,620 0.00%	\$ - \$ 333,106 0.00%	\$ - \$ 351,886 0.00%				
	\$ 223,774 (223,774) \$ - \$ 324,829 68.89% 2021 \$ - \$ - \$ 324,829	\$ 223,774 \$ 214,110	\$ 223,774 \$ 214,110 \$ 220,889	2021 2020 2019 2018 \$ 223,774 \$ 214,110 \$ 220,889 \$ 340,236 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 324,829 \$ 351,132 \$ 335,620 \$ 333,106 68.89% 60.98% 65.82% 102.14% Reporting Fiscal Year 2021 2020 2019 2018 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 324,829 \$ 351,132 \$ 335,620 \$ 333,106	2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 \$ 223,774 \$ 214,110 \$ 220,889 \$ 340,236 \$ 174,844 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$	\$ 223,774 \$ 214,110 \$ 220,889 \$ 340,236 \$ 174,844 \$ 153,528 \$	2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB plan schedules June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period as of

the 2019 actuarial valuation 18 years

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5%

to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was

decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from

4.0%-8.0% to 3.5%-7.5% for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0% to

4.5%-8.5% for PSPRS.

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to 3.5% for

PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from

5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last

updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1,

2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016

fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for

both males and females)

NOTE 2 – FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes will increase the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB plan schedules June 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS - Continued

Also, the Town refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the Town to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the Town's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.



REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

1535 W. Harvard Avenue, Suite 101 · Gilbert, Arizona 85233 Tel: (480) 635-3200 · Fax: (480) 635-3201

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Town Council Town of Eagar

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Eagar, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Eagar's, basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 22, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Eagar's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Eagar's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Eagar's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Eagar's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Colby of Towell

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 22, 2022